## Calyptronema axonolaimoides n. sp.

Fig. 82 a, b,

Locality and material. — Graham Land, St. 11: 13.

Dimensions:  $L = 1,900 \text{ mm.}, \quad a = 19,0, \quad \beta = 4,9, \quad \gamma = 6,33$ 

Body on the whole about evenly thick, only tapering gradually in the foremost part of the oesophageal region. Cuticle thin, evidently annulated. Head rounded, near the front end with 2 lateral and 4 elongated, thin, submedian bristles, measuring 3/4 of the corresponding head diameter. Buccal cavity funnel-shaped, armed with a far anteriorly situated, strongly developed tooth. Lateral organs were not found. Oesophagus elongated, increasing gradually posteriorly and before its middle,  $150~\mu$  behind the anterior end, surrounded by the thick nerve ring. There is no bulb. Also a ventral gland was not found.

Tail in the anterior third conical, in the 2 posterior thirds uniformly and strongly thinned. Gonad far extended, nearly up to the oesophagus. Spicules short, evenly thick, curved and, at the anterior side of the distal part, provided with a small spine.

St. 11. Graham Region. 65° 19′ S. — 56° 48′ W. Gravel-mixed clay. 400 m. 18. 2. 1902. Number of species: 31; Number of specimens: 68.

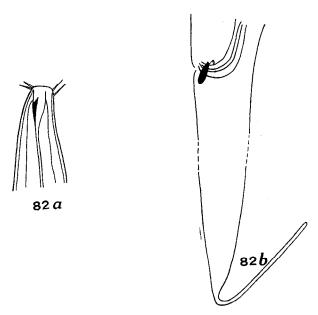


Fig. 82. Calyptronema axonolai moides n. sp. a. Anterior end, b. Tail, × 364