Chitwoodia warwicki Jayasree, 1976a (Fig. 218)

Description (from Jayasree, 1976a). Body length 1.4–1.5 mm. Maximum diameter 37–56 μ m (a = 26–38). Cephalic setae 6–7.5 μ m (0.3 h.d.). Amphids 5–6.5 μ m (0.2–0.25 c.d.) wide in males, 5.5 μ m (0.15 c.d.) in females, situated 1.0 h.d. posterior, well behind cephalic setae, with glands similar to those of *C. tripapillata* (p. 462). Buccal cavity absent. Oesophagus with swollen anterior end, otherwise cylindrical (Fig. 218D). Tail 9 a.b.d. in males, 7 a.b.d. in females.

Spicules $26-27 \mu m$ (1.0 a.b.d.), strongly arcuate with proximal cephalisation. Gubernaculum with square-ended caudally directed apophyses. Precloacal supplements absent.

Vulva at 50% of body length.

Distribution. Firth of Clyde, West Scotland (intertidal sand).

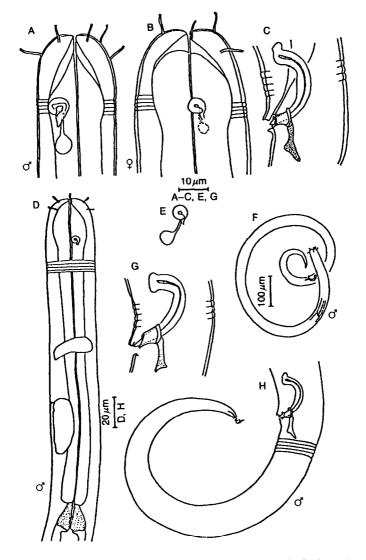


Fig. 218. Chitwoodia warwicki. A, Male head; B, Female head; C, Cloacal region; D, Anterior end of male; E, Male amphid; F, Entire male; G, Cloacal region of another specimen; H, Male tail. From Jayasree (1976a).