

*Sabatieria breviseta* Stekhoven, 1935  
(Fig. 91)

*Pulchra* group.

*Description.* Body length 1.1–1.3 mm. Maximum diameter 30–35  $\mu\text{m}$  ( $a = 33$ –39). Similar to *S. pulchra* except: cephalic setae 3–4  $\mu\text{m}$  (0.3 h.d.); male amphids of 3.5 turns, 12  $\mu\text{m}$  (0.8–0.9 c.d.), female amphids of 3 turns, 7.5  $\mu\text{m}$  (0.6 c.d.); spicules 40–44  $\mu\text{m}$  (1.5–1.6 a.b.d.) measured as a curve; median piece of gubernaculum (Fig. 91B) longer and better developed than in *S. pulchra*.

*Distribution.* Swansea Bay, South Wales (sublittoral, found in dead cumaceans together with a rather similar species, *S. punctata*).

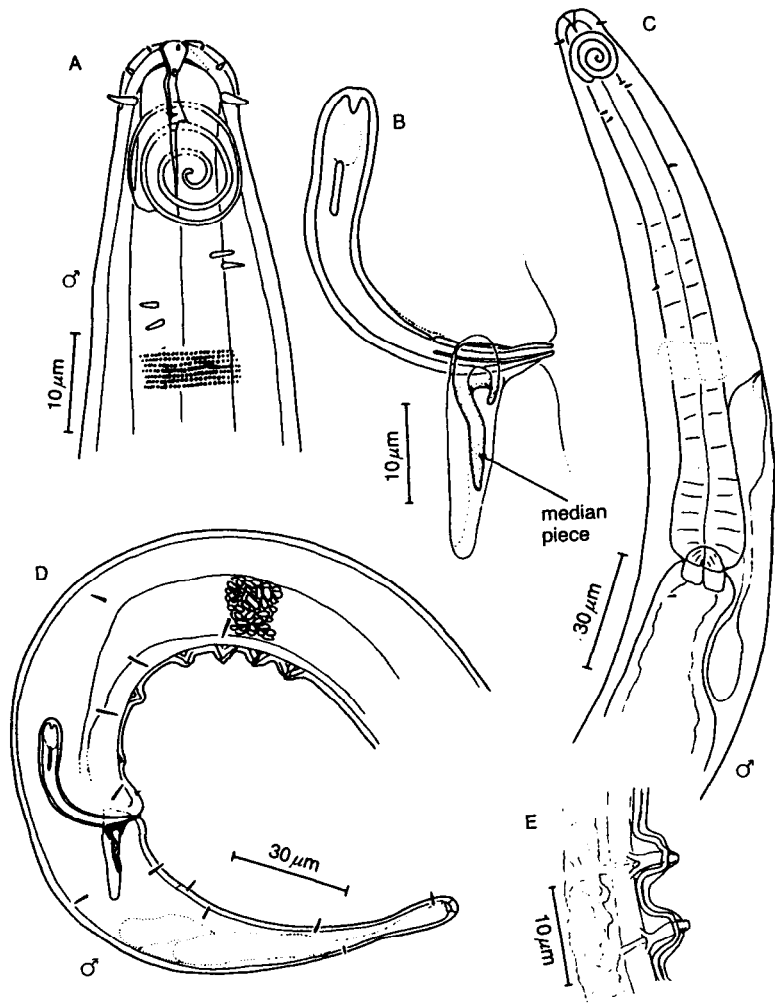


Fig. 91. *Sabatieria breviseta*. A, Male head; B, Spicules and gubernaculum (median piece of gubernaculum arrowed); C, Anterior region of male; D, Male tail; E, Detail of precloacal supplements. Original.