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21. *BULIMUS CANALICULATUS*, Pfr. *Bul. testá umbilicatá, obliquè fusiformi, ruguloso-striatá, nitidá, albido, carneo et spadiceo marmoratá; spirá turrítico-conicá, acutá; anfractibus 7 vix convexiusculis, ultimo spirá vix longiore, basi valdè constricto-carinato; columellá arcuatim antrorsum elongatá; aperturá ovali, basi canaliculatá; peristomate simplice, tenui, margine dextro vix expansiusculo, columellari dilatato, reflexo.*

Long. 37, diam. 14 mill.

Hab. Bolivia.

22. *BULIMUS CASTANEUS*, Pfr. *Bul. testá vix perforatá, ovato-acuminatá, solidiusculá, longitudinaliter confertim striatá, lineis spiralibus distantioribus decussatá, unicolore castaneá; spirá brevi, conicá, acutiusculá; anfractibus 4½ vix convexiusculis, ultimo inflato, 2-3 longitudinis subæquante; columellá tenui, subsimplice; aperturá ovali, intus saturatè fuscá, nitidá; peristomate vix incrassato, brevissimè reflexo, marginibus callo tenui junctis, columellari vix dilatato.*

Long. 70, diam. 39 mill.

Hab. Nova Granada; Vegas on the river Quendeu.

Nearly allied to *Bul. Gibbonius*, Lea; distinguished by its transverse striæ, closed umbilicus, peristome, etc.

“Description of a new species of *Amphipeplea*,” by Dr. L. Pfeiffer.

The shell I am describing belongs to the genus of freshwater shells distinguished by Nilsson from *Limnæus* under the name of *Amphipeplea*, and sufficiently characterized by the shape and habits of its animal, perfectly agreeing with our new species, according to Mr. Cuming's information, who first discovered it, and by whose name I am pleased to illustrate the species.

AMPHIPEPLEA CUMINGIANA, Pfr. *Amph. testá ovato-globosá, tenuissimá, longitudinaliter confertim striatulá, nitidissimá, pellucidá, pallidè corneá; spirá brevissimá, mucronulatá, callo tenui semi-obtectá; columellá nullá; margine anfractuum interno arcuato, appendice membranaceo (deciduo) munito; aperturá amplissimá, semi-ovalí, margine supero breviter arcuato, patente.*

Long. 30, diam. 22 mill.; apertura 26 mill. longa.

Found at Naga, province of South Camerines, island of Luzon, by H. Cuming, Esq.

Mr. Thompson of Belfast read a paper to prove that the *Larus capistratus*, Temm., is not a distinct species from *L. ridibundus*, and exhibited a series of specimens of both forms in different states of plumage obtained in the neighbourhood of Belfast. The differences between these supposed species are—

1st. In size; but a female specimen of *L. ridibundus*, with black hood, bill and legs arterial blood-red, was exhibited, agreeing in the size of body, tarsi, &c. with *L. capistratus*.

2nd. The colour of the tarsi and toes attributed to *L. capistratus*, and as distinguishing it from *L. ridibundus*, is a mere transition shade,